

St. Joan of Arc Catholic Primary School

RE Curriculum Overview

The curriculum has six components that are known as branches which will be taught one per half term across the six half-terms of the school year. Each one has a core theme and invites pupils to learn about an aspect of Revelation, Scripture, life in Christ, and life in the Church, and to discern what their learning means academically and experientially enabling them to see, judge, and act through a deeper knowledge of the Christian faith.

Branch 1. Creation and covenant: 'The heavens are telling the glory of God' (Ps 19:1). In this branch, pupils will encounter the God who creates and calls a people. They will explore revelation of the Christian belief that all that is comes from God, the Creation accounts in Genesis, and scientific explanations of the process of Creation. They will explore the call of God and his covenantal relationship with his people first through Abraham and Moses, then through the narrative of the Old Testament.

Branch 2. Prophecy and promise: 'In many and various ways, God spoke to our ancestors by the prophets' (Heb 1:1). The prophets speak of God reaching to his people, calling them back into a relationship with him. In this branch, pupils will explore the Christian understanding of the teaching of the prophets as they point to the fulfilment of God's promise in a messiah, Jesus Christ. They will explore the expectant waiting for the Messiah through the Advent season and how this speaks to Christians today as they wait for Christ. Pupils will encounter the story of the nativity of Jesus and the mystery of the incarnation.

Branch 3. Galilee to Jerusalem: 'God's only Son, who is at the Father's side, has made him known' (Jn 1:18). In this branch, pupils will experience the ministry of Jesus, the Word of God. They will learn about the life of Jesus and his revelation of the Kingdom of God through parables, encounters, miracles, and teachings. They will learn about the call of the disciples and the nature of being a follower of Jesus.

Branch 4. Desert to garden: 'Christ died for our sins in accordance with the scriptures, and that he was buried, and that he was raised on the third day' (1 Cor 15:3). In this branch, pupils will study the season of Lent and its culmination in the events of Holy Week. They will learn about the Paschal Triduum at the heart of the Catholic Church's Liturgy and life. The title of this branch points both to the liturgical journey from the desert of Lent to the garden of Resurrection, but also to the Paschal journey from darkness to light, barrenness to fruitfulness, death to life.

Branch 5. To the ends of the Earth: 'Go, therefore and make disciples of all nations, baptising them in the name of the Father and of the Son and of the Holy Spirit' (Mt 28:19). In this branch, pupils will study the events that flowed from the Resurrection and Ascension in the coming of the Holy Spirit and the work of the apostles and early Church. They will also learn about the Catholic Church today as the apostolic Church and how its liturgy and structures flow from the early Church.

Branch 6. Dialogue and encounter: 'For "In him we live and move and have our being"' (Acts 17:28). In this branch, pupils will learn how Christians work together with people of different religious convictions and all people of goodwill towards the common good, respecting the dignity of all humanity. They will also encounter other pathways of belief drawing on the teaching of the Church about intercultural dialogue.

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
	<i>Branch 1: Creation and Covenant</i>	<i>Branch 2: Prophecy and Promise</i>	<i>Branch 3: Galilee to Jerusalem</i>	<i>Branch 4: Desert to Garden</i>	<i>Branch 5: To the ends of the Earth</i>	<i>Branch 6: Dialogue and Encounter</i>
1st RE lesson each half term is on Catholic Social Teaching	<i>Care of Creation</i>	<i>Preferential Option for the Poor</i>	<i>Solidarity and Peace</i>	<i>Community and Participation</i>	<i>Dignity of Workers</i>	<i>Dignity</i>
Nursery	<i>God made our beautiful world and me; how to look after God's world</i>	<i>Mary had a baby called Jesus in Bethlehem. Celebrating Advent.</i>	<i>Wise men visit Jesus. Jesus blesses the children. Glory Be is a special prayer. We should love and welcome as Jesus does.</i>	<i>Lent is a time to care for others. Jesus died on the cross. Simple signs of lent – purple, seeds, growing. Show caring for others.</i>	<i>Jesus went back to his Father. The Holy Spirit was sent to look after us. We gather in our parish with our friends.</i>	<i>Friends of Jesus. Hear a simple life of St Peter and St Paul. Explore a range of pictures of Jesus from a non European tradition.</i>
Reception	<i>The sign of the cross. God created the world and God loves us – Laudato Si and Creation story. God made each one of us; we are part of God's family</i>	<i>The Annunciation; The Nativity. God chose Mary and God sent Jesus to love us. Advent shows us to help others. Various cultures celebrate Jesus in different ways</i>	<i>Visit of the Magi. Jesus blesses the children. Feed the 5000. Glory Be is a response to Jesus coming. Our words and actions show love like Jesus does.</i>	<i>Simple stories of Holy Week. Easter celebrates new life. Signs of Lent: purple. Ashes. How do various cultures celebrate Lent and Easter in different ways? How we should help others during Lent.</i>	<i>Pentecost and The early Christian Community. Pentecost is a special celebration in the Church. All people are God's children. Good news of Jesus in early Christian Community</i>	<i>Friends of Jesus. Hear a simple life of St Peter and St Paul. Explore a range of pictures of Jesus from a non European tradition.</i>
Year 1	<i>The Creation Story and opening of Nicene creed. God is our father and we can pray to him. How we can care and love for God's world.</i>	<i>The Annunciation, Nativity and Visit to the Shepherds. God loves us and he gave us his son Jesus. Hearing and praying Hail Mary. How we celebrate</i>	<i>Feast of the presentation, finding in the temple, Jesus and his mission, alongside disciples, little children and Zacchaeus. Jesus</i>	<i>Jesus enters Jerusalem, The last Supper, Crucifixion and death of Jesus, The Angel's Message and Jesus tempted in the dessert. Lent is a</i>	<i>The road to Emmaus, Promise of Spirit and Ascension, Pentecost. Glory Be prayer. The mission of the Church at Pentecost and how people open their hearts to the Holy Spirit.</i>	<i>The Church is a community of those who belong to Christ. The symbol of the cross. Learning about local parish and community. Aspects</i>

		birth of Jesus and honour Mary	is the son of God and 'light to the nations'. How to follow Jesus and take care of one another.	time to pray, fast, help others and prepare for Easter to become closer to God. Jesus died and rose again. How Christian communities celebrate Lent.	How people around the world celebrate Pentecost, work of the Holy Spirit and the Trinity.	of modern Jewish life in Britain
Year 2	The story of Noah, Psalm 139 – praise of God's creation. God makes a covenant with Noah The sacrament of Baptism in a Catholic Church and the promises made to God. Bible split in Old Testament and New Testament.	The Annunciation, Visitation, Birth of John the Baptist, Zechariah's voice and Birth of Jesus Prophets communicate God's message. Advent is a time to prepare and how different cultures prepare. Isaiah – Jesus is the light in the darkness. Mary's prayer – the Magnificat – gives thanks to God	Jesus' Baptism, Temptation in Wilderness, Cure of a paralytic, Choice of the twelve, Calming of the storm, Parable of lost sheep. John the Baptist as a prophet encouraging others to say sorry. Jesus' miracles and parables. Importance of saying sorry to God and others – Baptism is a sign of forgiveness. How Catholics say Sorry to God in prayer – act of contrition and Our Father	Jesus enters Jerusalem, The last Supper, Crucifixion and death of Jesus, Angel's message and Peter at the tomb. Sacrament of reconciliation – saying sorry to God and others and restoring our friendship with God. Lent is a time to prepare through reconciliation and forgiveness. Prayers and actions for Catholics to turn back to God – Examen, act of sorrow, Penitential rite and Kyrie Eleison. Easter Vigil.	Ascension, Pentecost, Conversion of Saul, Fruits of Holy Spirit. Love is God's first gift poured into our hearts and we welcome this with the Holy Spirit. Symbols of Holy Spirit. Saints peacebuilding in their lives, linking to ours. The fruits of the spirit are visible signs of Christians led by the Holy Spirit.	Parable of Good Samaritan. Learning about our local Christian Community and how we can support one another. Links and connections to Jewish religious laws, beliefs, worship and life. Religious experiences from different communities.
Year 3	Creation story and its symbolism. Psalms in praise of Creation. God is creator of the Universe out of 'free and unselfish love' St Francis' Canticle of the Creatures, Offertory prayer	Isaiah, Annunciation to Joseph. Prophets foretold Jesus' birth. Catholics celebrate Mass listening to Holy scripture and the actions, prayers and symbols we use. Preparing for Christ during	Miracles, parables and epiphanies. Adoration of Magi shows people seeking Jesus. Jesus' parables to show choices people make to accept invitation to the kingdom 'Our Father' helps us to	Miracle of the loaves, The Last supper and Eucharistic prayer. At the Last Supper, Jesus showed love by giving himself transformed as bread and wine. Eucharist is a sacrament where Jesus offers his life for the salvation of	Road to Emmaus (represented in art), mission to the world, Early Church, Group of apostles and Paul's letter to the Corinthians. Disciples recognised Jesus Christians share the gospel and follow the examples of the apostles and early	Exodus, Lk 22:14-23. The Eucharistic links with the Jewish celebration of Passover. Jewish festival of Passover. Simple links and connections with Islamic religious laws and beliefs.

	and Laudato Si. Human beings are created in God's image and caring for creation is a way we care for each other. Ways we can give thanks.	Advent. Art around the World about Christ's coming. Advent hymns.	continue to build the kingdom begun with Jesus. Lives of saints who build God's Kingdom.	the world – people give themselves to Jesus when receiving the Eucharist. Catholics gather to celebrate Mass and meet Jesus in Holy Communion. The ways Catholics live the Eucharist by following Jesus	church. God is a community within himself – the mystery of the Trinity. Through Mary, the Holy Spirit guided the disciples. The bread is the body of Christ.	Islamic art and religious music.
Year 4	The call of Abraham, Abrahamic covenant, Story of Joseph. God's covenant with Abraham – a model of how to pray. The virtues – living these helps Christians grow a closer relationship to Holy Trinity. Faith is believing in God and following God's purpose.	Miracle of flour and oil, Elijah's encounter with God, preaching of St John the Baptist, Isaiah, ancestry of Jesus. The importance of prophets and their job. Christians prepare for coming of Christ during Advent and for the second coming as King of the Universe. John the Baptist came to prepare the way for Jesus. How Christians use the Jesse tree during Advent.	Peter's mother-in-law, Cure of a woman, Baptist's question, Jesus walks on water and Peter's profession of faith. Jesus as messiah and comes as a suffering servant. God's kingdom includes those excluded by society. Incarnation – Jesus is fully God and fully human. Sacrament of reconciliation and anointing of the sick. People inspired by Jesus working with those marginalized by societal attitudes to illness.	The prodigal son, The judgement of Nations, Holy Week. Christians making a new start in Lent showing love for God and others through good works. Helping others during Lent is a time to live out mercy. Important events during Holy Week. Corporal and spiritual acts of mercy – organisations that live their lives out.	The empty tomb, The Apostles Creed and The appearance on the shore of Tiberius. The Pope is the successor to Peter; The Church is the People of God and The Church is apostolic. May is special month for Mary and she is the Mother of the Church. Sing and study some Marian hymns. Apostles Creed. Study artistic depictions of Blessed Mary as the Mother of the Church. How local and global Church continues Jesus' work.	The road to Damascus and first letter to Corinthians. Different traditions in the Liturgy of the Church. Prayers and artistic traditions. Five pillars of Islam. Understand some ways Muslims in Britain today live out their beliefs.
Year 5	The Burning Bush, The Sinai Covenant and The Ten Commandments, Jesus' summary of the Law. A covenant is a	David and Goliath, David becomes King, God's covenant with David and David's death. The hymn 'O Come, O Come Emmanuel'. The joyful mysteries of	The Beatitudes, 10 commandments, The Good Samaritan, Our Father – the perfect prayer given to us by Jesus. The Beatitudes showing	Ash Wednesday, Temptation in the Wilderness, Resurrection of the Dead Paul. The sorrowful mysteries of the Rosary. Prayer is turning the heart	Spiritual echoes of confirmation, Pentecost, Gifts of Spirit Paul, Baptism in the Spirit. The catholic rite of confirmation and the meaning of it. The importance of the gifts	Old testament originates in Hebrew scriptures. Christianity. God's covenant with Abraham is the foundation of the faith for Judaism and

	binding agreement between God and human beings. Ten commandments help people live their lives. Catholic social teaching helps us see that we should love our neighbour. Sin is the deliberate spoiling of our friendship with God and one another. Virtues are practical wisdom and show us how we can use them to live.	the Rosary. Links between O antiphons and the Evening Prayer of the Church for 17-23 December. Great kings anointed in the old testament, David was called by God to become King and for Christians, and Jesus fulfils the promises made to David. Psalm 23 – an ancient way of prayer.	the loving face of Christ and how Christians should live their lives in accordance with this. The transfiguration and artwork linked to it. The virtues linked to Christians lives	towards God and sharing with him your troubles and happiness. What is sin and conscience and how do they link to God?	of the Holy Spirit. Studying artistic representations of the Holy Spirit. A saint's life transformed by Jesus	Christianity. The Tanakh (Hebrew Bible), The Shema prayer (basic creed of Judaism), The Mezuzah (box containing Shema prayer).
Year 6	The second account of Creation, Nicene creed and Laudato Si. Original sin. Baptism as the first sacrament of forgiving sin. Belief in God as sustainer and source of the universe is compatible with the scientific account of the beginnings of the universe and the theory of evolution. In Jesus, God restored humanity's	Women in salvation history – Sarah, Miriam, Deborah, Hannah, Esther and Mary as the fulfilment of Old Testament promises by saying yes to God's plan. The Magnificat. Examples of women today responding to God's call in life. The women of the Old Testament are true protagonists of salvation history	Wedding at Cana, Healing official's son, Healing man at Bethesda, Feeding the 5000, Walking on water, Healing Blind man, Raising of Lazarus, I am the bread of life. The Church's seven sacraments to help us grow like Jesus. The sacraments are meeting points with God. God inspired the author of Sacred Scripture. How sacraments are celebrated in the local parish.	The anointing at Bethany, Jesus washes his disciples' feet, First farewell discourse, The arrest of Jesus, Jesus before Pilate, The Crucifixion, Jesus and his Mother, The death of Jesus. The Church teaches that Jesus shows us love through scripture above and Mary is the Mother of all Christians. The stations of the Cross and different representations of this.	The empty tomb and the appearance to Mary Magdala, Appearances to disciples, Christians believe in resurrection, Jesus as the last Adam, The story of Stephen. Act of faith, hope and love prayers. The disciples and Christians belief of Jesus rising from the dead. Resurrection as the work of the Trinity and how Christians are called to witness to the resurrection by example of their new life in Baptism, Some examples of saints, considering how they bore witness to Christ in their lives	Catholics should work to promote 'unity and love'. Christians are responsible to promoting common good and examples of how Christians can work together. Recognise links and simple connections between some Dharmic beliefs, practices, and way of life (e.g., Hinduism or Sikhism or Buddhism or Jainism)

	<i>relationship with him.</i>					
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